

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

Manitoba.—Under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1916, cars must be registered in the office of the Municipal Commissioner, and the registration is renewable annually on April 1. A person not resident in the province may operate an unregistered car for not more than thirty days. Chauffeurs must be not less than 18 years old, and must have licenses; other drivers must be not less than 16, if male, or 18 if female. Cars must have mufflers and devices to prevent their use when left unattended. The speed limits in cities, towns or villages are 10 miles an hour at street intersections and 15 miles an hour elsewhere. There is also a limit of 20 miles an hour in certain rural municipalities. Motors must stop when behind standing street cars.

Saskatchewan.—The licensing authority under the Vehicles Act, 1912, and amending Acts, is the Provincial Secretary. Licenses expire annually on December 31. Non-residents may use cars for 30 days, under permit from the Provincial Secretary, without registration in the province. No person under the age of 16 may drive a car, and paid chauffeurs must take out licenses. Cars must have mufflers. A car meeting a horse must not pass at a greater speed than 7 miles an hour, but there are no other speed limits. Motor vehicles must stop for street cars which are taking on or discharging passengers.

Alberta.—The law relating to motor vehicles is contained in the Motor Vehicle Act, 1911, and amending Acts, and the Highways Act, 1911. Cars must be registered in the office of the Provincial Secretary, who issues certificates which are renewable annually on January 1. A person not residing in the province may operate an unregistered car during not more than 20 days. Paid chauffeurs must be licensed, and all drivers must be not less than 16 years old, if male, or 18 years if female. Cars must be equipped with mufflers. The speed limits are, 20 miles an hour in cities, towns and villages, and 10 miles an hour at street crossings and bridges. A motor car may not pass a street car which has stopped for passengers to get on or off.

British Columbia.—Under the Motor Traffic Regulation Act, 1911, and amending Acts, cars are required to be registered with the Superintendent of Provincial Police. Licenses expire on December 31. Unregistered cars may be used for touring in the province under a touring license issued by the Superintendent of Provincial Police. Cars registered outside the province may be used for 60 days free. No person under the age of 17 may drive a car, and paid chauffeurs must take out licenses. Every car must have a lock or device to prevent its use when left unattended. The speed limits are, in cities, towns and villages 15 miles an hour, in wooded country 15 miles and in open country 25 miles an hour. A motor may not pass a standing street car at more than 4 miles an hour and must stop if it overtakes the car while taking on or discharging passengers.

Yukon Territory.—The Motor Vehicle Ordinance, No. 14, 1914, requires all cars to be registered in the office of the Territorial Secretary, who issues certificates, renewable annually on July 15. A non-resident may operate an unregistered motor for not more than 90 days. No male under 16 and no female under 18 years of age may drive a motor. In cities, towns and villages the speed limit is 15 miles an hour, or 10 miles an hour at street intersections.